N.R. S-pullorum. str. 309

11 SEP 1946

	L,I,H,C.	L,I,C	L,H,C	H,I,C.	L,I,H,M.	
S12	±	±	±	−	−	Leucine, cystine ...
S13	L,C	C	L	L,M		leucine, ~~cystine~~
	±	++	−	±±	±~~++~~	
S14	L,A,M	L,M,C	L,A,C	L.AMC	~~M.C~~	Leucine, methionine, cystine
	−	−+	++−	−++	++	−
S15	L	O	LC	C	LM.	
	−	−	+	−	+	leucine, ≠S
S16	L	C	LC			leucine ≠S
	−	+−	−±	++		
S17	L	C	LC			
	−	−	−			
S1.	M	T→	MT→			methionine, trypt
(R)	−	−−	−+	++		
~~S~~	~~−~~	~~−~~	~~−~~	~~−~~		
Y50.	O	N,C				

Salmonella - Serv.

510

1 SEP 1946

Ind mor. S1, S17 (S15?) in AB = single controls. Sh. 30°

1230A 11

Plate N13. into T(O) dupl.

no colonies many plates.

Salmonella: N.R.

3 11

12 SEP 1946

	ENV	EN	NV	EV	O	thioglyc. +a
S18	+	+	+	+	— + R.	+
19	+	+	+	+	— +	+ +
? 20	+	+	+	+	— +	+
21	+	+	— +	+	+	+ ±
22	+	+	± +	+	+	+ +
23	+	+	+	+	—	+ +
24	+	+	+	+	— +	++
25	+	+	± +	+	— +	++ ±
26	+	+	+	+	+ +	++ ±
27	+	+	± +	+	—	+ +
28	+	+	+	+	— +	+
29	+	+	± +	+	+	trough
30	+	+	+	+	— +	+
31	+	+	+	+	— +	+
32	+	+	+	+	+	— ± + —
33	+	+	+	+	— +	+ + ±
34	+	+	— ±	— +	—	— +
35	+	+	— +	±	—	— +
36	+	+	±	+	—	—
37	+	+	± +	+	—	— ±
38	+	+	± +	+	—	— +

These must be a substitutes to acct. for these results; probably cystine + methionine. Check with thioglycollate also

(also: arginine - prol; glut ald. - t; β-alanine - tyrosine; tryptophane - serine)

paratheotroph.

paratheotroph

paratheotroph

Ev. no good mutants here!

S19, S32, S34 } paratheotrophs; others are prototrophs

S35-8 may be mutants.

These tests were not too careful.

On retest, only S36, S37 held up as mutant types

Stocks for linkage Study. 312

18 SEP 1946

1P18 Incr NSB to prepare inocula.

A19 – plate ± T1, T3 to obtain resistant mutants.

A22: Titer of T3 is very low + continuous lysis is not obtained!

Y41, TL, BL, BT, no sens. Y10/1 completely lysed! (~~no~~ no rechecks).
Y24, BB, LB, *

Y10/3 OR for resistance.

TL/1 and TL/3 plates have + mucous dense white colonies.
do. LB.

Y24/1 on T3 showed no lysis. (cross-resistance ⇒ — contam!)
3 streakings before used.

BM/3 OR. R. Pick to YB tubes. Test for
BB/1 — mucoid. resistance to 1; 3.
Y10/3 OR R.
BT/1 Mucoid.
LB/1 v.s. colonies v. dry - probably cont.
LB/3 } look like coli, but green!
TT/3 }

Linkage: BMR x PT; BM x PTR.

18 SEP 1946

1P18. Incr YB to prepare inocula. 679-183 from lyophil.

3P24. ~~Inoculate~~ YB. Plate P26

1. PT x Y24/1 5 tubes. -

2. PT x Y40 5 tubes

3. Y41 x 58-161 5 tubes.

R to T1.

1: 27/30, 20/20, 27/30. } 74/80 = .92 PT x ~~BMR~~ BØC/1

2: 18/20, 26/30, 5/7 } 49/57. .86 PT x BM/1

3. 0/3, 0/1, 4/10, 1/10 } ~~5/28~~ 5/24 .21. PT/1 x BM.

Resume linkage data – phage resistance 314

Ref.

257	BM×PT/1	2/10 R.	0.2
	BM/1×PT	7/10 R	.7

compare 313

259	BΦC × PT/1	2/9 R	.2
278	"	16/60 R	.27
284	"	5/20 R	.25
284	"	5/21 R	.24

313: 30/137 = .22 .78

BΦC/1×PT 27/30, 20/20, 27/30; 24/80 = .92 .92

287-	BΦC × PT/1	2/27 R	.1
	on B.	5/23	.22
293-	BΦC × TLB,/1	10/35 R.	.29
300A	"	10/29 R	.34
300B	BΦC/1 × TLB,	19/26 R	.73
301-1.	BΦC × TLB,/1	20/49 R	.41
	BΦC/1 × TLB,	27/37	.73
SUM: A.	BΦC × TLB,/1	40/113	.35
B.	BΦC/1 × TLB,	46/63	.73
315-	BΦC × TLB,/1	13/73 R	.18
318	BΦC/1 × TLB,	34/40	.85

$\chi^2_1 = 0.8$ for .35 vs. .27 (1-.73)

$\chi^2_1 = 9$ for .35 vs .50

$\chi^2_1 = 5.5$ .73 vs. .50

1.08

R: ~~386~~: Y40 × ~~Y93~~ Y64 × 58-161

353	47/57
358	16/18
364	49/70
359	32/50

SUM:

A.	Y24 × Y10/1	53/186	.28
B.	Y24/1 × Y10.	80/103	.77

313 BM × PT/1

0/3	
0/1	
4/10	
1/10	
5/24	.21

313 BM/1 × PT

18/20	.86
26/30	
5/7	
49/57	

19 SEP 1946.

A. BΦC x TLB | 1 B', A': is mixture in old medium

B. BΦC/1 x TLB.

Use 1ml inocula for flasks; .1 for 10 ml medium in tubes

a). 5 of A; 5 of B in 50 ml YB 30° shk. (A_L, B_L)

b) 10 each in 10 ml YB in tubes, 30° shk.

Week + plate N 20.

A series: some large col. many small heavily ended mixed

		Prototrophs.	T-1 R..
A	a:1		2/8
	2		0/3
	3		0/4
	4		0/13
	5		~~2/7~~
B	a.1		
	2		
	3		
	4		
	5		

B series: all heavily turbid; maybe contam, or accom. rate/may be very high.

A' numerous col. - not coli exc. 1/10 s.
B' like stm B. plates

A	D. 1	0/3
	2	0/6
	3	2/7
	4	2/5
	5	1/3
	6	0/5
	7	5/10
	8	1/6
	9	
	10	

Sum total: 13/73 = .18

B.	1	
	2	
	3	
	4	
	5	
	6	
	7	
	8	
	9	
	10.	

Y10/1 x Y24/1.

20 SEP 46.

10 ml. YB at 4.30° Also controls

N.G. — Y24/1 cont

Stained darker

Staph. flavoviridis

20 SEPT 1946

ENV	NB.	NV	EV	EN
++	+	+	+	−

try on rats – e.g. Acute Repeat!

BØC
TLB, - 1

24 Sept 1946

In 10 ml YB, 1P24. do. - spread .1 ml mixture on 12 plates.

1. Y24 x Y10/1 (A)
2. Y10 x Y24/1 (B).

(A) + (B).

Wash + plate p. 26. with T(0).

controls: Y24 - no colonies
Y10 - no colonies
Y24/1
Y10/1
in broth

(A) (B). P28 - colonies as in both tests.
No evidence of marked increase.

B: T-1 R.
28 | 33
2 | 3
1 | 1
1 | 1
1 | 1
1 | 1

34 | 40 = .85

A- 1/9
4/10

September 29, 1946.

P29. BM/3 x PT/1 in YB Broth 10ml.

P1. Plate into T10). only a few colonies.

Effects of dilution and of u-v killing on recombination

30 SEP 1946

N30.

A. To 10ml YB, add 1 drop 24hr. Y24/1 and

10^{-2} 1. 1 drop 679-183 (PT) * compare ∑ final PT population. 1 drop = .1 ml.

10^{-3} 2. 10^{-2} drops. "

Dilution. 10^{-2} 3 10^{-4} drops "

15. 4. 10^{-8} drops. " (plate .1 ml.). original = ca 10^9/ml OK.

~~5. 10^{-8} drops~~ " ~~plate~~

B. To 10ml YB, add 1 drop. 24hr. Y24/1 and 1ml of the following.

6 see A1.

0 7. 1ml u-v irradiated 5 mins. plate .1 ml. 10^4

0 8. 1ml u-v irr. 10 mins. 20

0. 9. 1ml u-v. irr. 15 mins. 20

Plate plus to T(0).

∴ sublethal doses of ultra-violet prevent recombination!

Heterozygote Isolation ?

30 SEP 1946

11P30. Inoc 10ml YD Y10/1 ; Y24.

P1. 1. Mix cultures, centrifuge and wash. Plate into T/0);

A. Centrifuge together 3-4 hours to pack cells together. 0, 1, colony.

B. Wash separately + plate together. 4, 2, 0 colonies. too dry to pick.
This, therefore, is the better procedure.

Salmonella typhi-murium

322

Mutants - (u.v.).

30 SEP 1946

P1. Incr S20 and S21 into YB.

11P2. Irradiate each culture 1, 2, 5 mins. + incr 1 ml samples into 10 ml YB. Detection plates SP3. 25°.

	1	Y20 - 1m	2000 cells sampled.	7 small colonies.
	2	2m		
A	3	5m	Use.	
			Picks A 8.	
	4	Y21 1		
	5	2		
B	6	5	Use. 1200 sampled	2 small colonies.

		YB.	O.	E	N	V	ENV	
A	1	+	+	→				green & cent.
	2	+	+	→				green
	3	+	+	→				pink. cent.
	4	+++		→				OK. in color
	5	+		→				yellow
	6	+++	−	+++	+++	−	+++	← OK. S 70.
	7	+++		→				OK. in color.
B	8	+		→				green cent.
B	9.	+		→				yellow

some app. do not grow well even on

S70:

↓ parattiotrophe

Salmonella - N.R.

30 SEP 1946 Al:

	T(o)	ENV	EN	EV	NV	
SR4 abeq.	−	− ++ +	++ +	++ +	++ ±	++
36 gall.		− −	++	± +	++	± ±+
37 dub.	−	++ +	++ ±	++ +	++ ±	++
42 t.m.	−	++ +	++ ±	++ ±	++ −	− ✓
45 ent.	−	−	±R ++	±R ++	±R ++ −	− ✓
50 para A	−	− −	++ −	− ✓ −	(±) ✓ −	− ✓
51 B	−	− ✓ +	++ ✓ +	++ ± ✓ +	++ ✓ +	++ ✓
52 B	−	− −	− −	− −	− −	−
55 chols.	−	− ✓ ±	++ ✓ −	++ ✓ −	+ ✓ −	− ✓
56 chols.	−	++ ✓ ±	++ ✓ ±	++ ✓ ±	++ ✓ −	++ ✓

? (Estim) grows well on T(o). [Test later slept]	
V, E.	Thiamin
( )	Thiamin.
(E)	Typ.
E.	Arginine ✓
E, N, V.	BIOTIN, TRY.
(V)	? - clump?
E (N)	TRYPTOPHANE; (~~methionine~~); ~~arginine~~ SERINE.
( )	

The cleanup assay:

S42 - typhimurium - (E)
✓S45 - enteritidis (E)
✓S50 - para A (ENV)
✓S55 cholerae suis (E) (N)

others are:

S24 - pullorum
gallinarum V, E
dublin, } stun? no gr. ng.
S56 chol suis }
S50 para B

S52 - did not grow

42 no gr. Trypt.
✓45 Arginine. (citr ✓) (urea)
50 Biotin; TRYPT; grows NEA. (~~methionine~~; meth) BTCM n.g.
55 TRYPTOPHANE; SERINE T+S n.g.
no!! 36 ENV +++ V ++ E +++ N − O − ? V or E + − B1
37 ENV +++ V ++ E +++ N − O − Try V alone V or E + − B1.
56 ENV +++ V − ++ E +++ NE +++ O − T ~~methionine~~. E or NE
~~methionine~~
52 ENV +4 EV + EN − NV − ~~methionine~~. O − Hey all.
51. ENV +++ V + E + NE − O −

Penicillin

1 OCT 1946

add ind. amts. of Penicillin (Oxford units) to 10 ml YB broth.
add 2 drops of Y24 + Y10/1. 10 P 1. Sh. 30°.

		Penicillin (per 10 ml).	10 A 2.
3	1.	0	
1	2.	100.	some very motile motility diminished/a few filaments.
0	3.	200	v. "stringy" turbidity v. filamentous
0	4.	500.	partial inhibition. v. filamentous; many "zygospores"

Wash + plate.

10 A 2 Also anon. 1 ml each into 10 ml YB.

1	1'
7	2'
2	3'
8	4'.

penicillin is suppressed.

Edwards 10/9/46.

	S		O	ENV	EN	EV	NV	
57	typhi Smith		—	++	—	—	—	ENV
58	abortus ovis		—	+++	++	+++	—	E
59	sendai		—	+++	+++	+++	+ ++	Try E. (necessary 9 EAA)
60	sendai 571		—					
61	Taube I		—					E or N? methionine. Campaic 56 etc. do.
62	Taube II		—					
63	P-1		—					
64	P-2			+++	++	+++	+++	
65	P-11		—					
66	1181-1		—					
67	1181-2		—					
68	H66		—					
69	Pigeon 1366.		—					
70	322/6 S 20.			E; N. + methionine. (SH.).				

Bath Israel 10/21/46

71	typhi 2943 Smith	
72	sendai 3007	
73	para A 3280	
74	para A 3089	
75	typhi 3166	

Kaufmann

76	S. para A	
77	" Durazzo	
78	typhi 2	
79	" Wolfram	
80	S. sendai	
81	" negram	−
82	"	+

Linkage.

325

20 OCT 1946

1. P2 YLY x Y10/1.

[2. YLY x 183]

[3. 183]

4. YLY x Y41

5. Y41.

Plate .5 ml eg. (1) .2 ml eg. 4,5 into T(0) and suppl. 6 detail linkage of R.

Plate .5 ml eg. Y41 into O, T, P. 20 colonies on [illegible]! crowded on [illegible].

Exp 1. 1:

Salmonella crosses. 325

12 OCT 1946

Inoc 1 drop of 12 hr. cultures into 10 ml N/B. Plate 10/14/46.

S1 x 13
1 x 45
1 x 50
1 x 55
coli) 1 x TL.

1 colony found. [para A + para A !!!!]. Needs rechecking.
Later found that S1 was a mix.

13 x 45
13 x 50
13 x 55
coli) 13 x BT

45 x 50
45 x 55
coli) 45 x TL

50 x 55
50 x TL
coli) 55 x TL

1
13
45
55
TL
BT

repeat. S1 x S50. 10/16/46. Plate into T(0), T(tupt).

very many minute colonies in presence of tryptophane. Should be repeated ?
(ca ½) a more diluted inoculum. v. much smaller (a few cells / colony) ± tupt.

Endotoxins

20 Oct 1946

Mix 2 gram cultures. N2. (YB) 30° 2h.

Y24 x Y10/1 Plate 3P3

~~Detection plates - 7(0). 10^{-7}. P3~~

2 colonies. / 1 mpeg.

Trilateral combinations test for transformation.

12 OCT 1946

Inoc 1 drop 12 hour cultures into YB Plate 10/14/46.

	O	T	L	B.
TL	—	—	ca 10^4.	
		B	L	
BL	—	—	—	
		B	T.	
BT	—	+	+.	

BT + TL + BL } 1/4 plates (turbid). turbid. ca 10^3 not so numerous →

This expt. is inconclusive, since there were a large number of L⁻ cells present. Quantitatively, it seems to support the recombination hypothesis.

Reisolate TL.

Salmonella - N.R.

S45, S50, S55.

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
	O	PROL	GLUT	ORN	CITR	ARG.			
S45. ✓	—	—	—	+++	+++	+++		arginine	

	NV-TR. ✓	NV-TRM. ✓	V-TR ✓	V-TRM. ✓	N-B-E ✓	BIOTIN+E. ✓	E ✓	NE+E ✓	N.E.V. ✓
S50. ✓	—	±	—	±	±	—	—	++	+++

	SERINE-E.	NE-TR.	Ser-TR.	NE-E ✓	E	NE ✓		
S55 ✓	+++	+++	—	+	+++	+	++	+++ ?	try Trypt + meth.

S56. ✓ NE- Tyrosine (??) 0.

S36 ✓ V ■ (B_1) also. 0.

	B_1	B_2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
S37 ✓	V +. B_1 +++	B_1 only OK.					Threonine ✓			

S42 E- Tryptophane.

S58 E-

S59 E- Grows on any combination of 9 EAA.

S61 E- Grows on any combin. of 9 EAA.

(Heterozygotes) 329.

4 OCT 1946

Drop 24 hr. cultures of Y24 and Y41 into T10 varying grams. (washed separately. Drop waters together ca. 3 cmms. Mix with agar before pouring. A4.

most plates sterile. A few have many non-coli bugs.

15 OCT 1946.

Add Y40+671-183. & varying chloral hydrate

		Growth.	Plate:	
1	1%	±		sl. (?) inhibition, but not feasible for exp. use.
2	.1%	+++	ca 100.	
3	.01%	+++	ca 500	
4	.001%	+++		
5	.0001%	+++	ca 500	
6	.00001%.	+++		
7.	—	+++	ca 10^3	

plate. H18. Compare, however, effect of 5% salt.

But swarming in motility-gelatin-agar is only partially inhibited by .1% chloral hydrate (1-2cm/24h.) Try .2%, .5%.

Saccharomyces sp. (ss.)

V.t. Ry. – mai. Fruits.
no growth – pab
delayed growth – mi.

Salmonella NR

529

21 [illegible] 1945

S36. ✓ O B, V, Ts.
− +++ +++ OR. Thiamin. ✓

S56 ✓ O tyr tyr+glyc V,Ts Tyr+V,Ts ØA+V,Ts
− ++ ++ ++ ++ ++. which V Ts? ✓

S50: O ENV EN NV EV V tyr tyr lucs tyr lucs tyr with ^{NV} tyr lucs
+++ − +++ − − −

S55. ✓ O Ser+E E Ser V Tr. NE Tyr. $^{NE-Ser.}$ +Tyr. ∴ Tyr. + ^{NE} {Ess.
− − + ++ ± ++ − ± + +++ ± +++

S42. ✓ O Tyr. n.g. 24h ~~very slow!~~ Tryptophane.
− − ± +++

S58 O Tyr.

S59 ✓ O Tyr. Single amino ac: E: amyg. a. +++ O ++. adapted?!

S61 O ~~Tyr.~~ Single amino ac. E: meth +++ others −

S077
S67
S64.
O
tyr

S70. O Tyr. Single amino ac E: meth +++ others −

Sarah. Lwid. gamma B vits etc
− pab, folic OR on − folic. ∴ − pab, − nic!
− nic.

Salmonella, N.R.

23 Oct 1946

	O	EN	ENV	ENB	ENB.	NV	BN	
S50.	−	−	++++	+++	−	+	+	∴ Biotin. can desp. 2.a.a.

	O	SH	Cyst	Meth.	Trypt	Bedde Bantley
S61	±	−	−	+++		

S70. — ± +++ +++ +++ ++ +++. two paratrichosph!

S42 − ±++ ✓ ± ++ ✓ − − another → mf → trypt. ∠ ∑ F. ideo.

S62
63
64
65
66
67
68
69

59. ± ++ heavy accr +++ (mod. adepts!)

S56. Try as all amino acids + vitamins separately. V +++ E +.
Biotin ++ ✓ not E. alanine ± lys. ± trypt ± tyros. ± || 48 hr: Biotin +++ alanine ± tyrosine +++

S55. Trypt + NE (all +; letatrine) and ~~Trypt~~ NE (all): ✓ OK.
T + N ++
N ++
individually: − − exc. cystine ++ Try cyst. alone.
O − heavy accr. in O +++

later O: − Test growth in prolines, for transfer growth
any NE. ++
all NE do. in minimal, proline; compare original culture.

E coli mutants.

24 OCT 1946

Selective media (lactose)

1. EMB Difco. OK.

2. Endo: lactose 1% pul.
   Na_2SO_3 2.5
   Fuchsin .4 g
   K_2HPO_4 3.5 g
   Nutr. agar
   n.g. as made up.

3. Purple lactose:
   Nutr. agar
   lactose
   BCP .025 g/l. n.g.

Streak K-12, S1 and K-12+S1 on each of these plates, for decision as to most appropr. medium.

S50 Biotin +: (NV)— (EAA) BV + nonegrow.

S56. O Biotin Tyrosine dl-tyrosine Biotin? ?
— ± ± +++
± +++

S55. O Trypt. Cyst. Tr+Cyst. Tr+Prol.
S55. — — — — —
S5a. — — — +++ — needs Trypt, cyst adapts readily.

S57. EN V−: nonegrow! -Leucine found later (tubes allowed to stand)
EV N−:
NV E−:

S58 E− : nonegrow!
O ENV NV EV.

S60

S51 NE+ proline +++. others — NE +++ Serine ±

S52. NV E−

S61. O Meth. NV NV-cyst Cyst.
+++ +++ +++ +++ +++ all adapt!

O Meth Tryp.
62 ++ +++ ++
63 + +++ +
64 + +++ +
65 ± +++ —
66 ± +++ —
67 ± +++ —
68 ± +++ —
69. — +++ —

Sugar mutants – E coli.

Yeast

Endo-lactose	K-12	S-43
a. Med School	+++	– I
b. made up	+++	–
c Endo-glucose	+++	+++
d. Endo-sucrose.	–	I
e maltose	+++	slow +

EMB.

N.A. + 1% sugar + 2g K_2HPO_4, .4g Eosin Y; .065g MB/l.

a. lactose	–	+++ –
b. glucose	+++ slow	+++ rosheen!
c. sucrose	I	
d maltose	+++	–

Try: E coli suppl.

Coli (T10))
½% glue — n.g.

Fries (N10))
2% sucr. — requires pab.

* Burkholder's
5% gluc. — only on vits.

Coli T10)
5% glue — n.g.

*/liter
glucose 20
aspar. 2
NH_4PO_4 1.5
$MgSO_4$ .5
$CaCl_2$ .3
$NH_4)_2SO_4$ 2.0

work?